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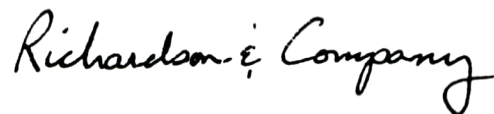
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Shareholders and
Board of Directors
Redwood Capital Bancorp and Subsidiary
Eureka, California

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Redwood Capital Bancorp (the Company) and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Redwood Capital Bank as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in shareholders' equity and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Redwood Capital Bancorp and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Redwood Capital Bank as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, and the consolidated results of its operations and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



March 31, 2008

REDWOOD CAPITAL BANCORP
AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

December 31, 2007 and 2006

	2007	2006
ASSETS		
Cash and due from banks	\$ 3,458,835	\$ 4,987,195
Federal funds sold	435,000	8,160,000
Interest bearing deposit in other financial institutions	3,900,000	
Cash and cash equivalents	7,793,835	13,147,195
Investment securities available-for-sale, at fair value	9,304,983	9,680,336
Loans, net	102,840,519	74,717,657
Premises and equipment, net	4,798,274	2,286,751
Cash surrender value of life insurance	2,193,628	2,099,807
Accrued interest receivable and other assets	1,786,935	1,309,533
	120,924,339	90,094,084
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 128,718,174	\$ 103,241,279
 LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
LIABILITIES		
Deposits		
Non interest-bearing	\$ 21,261,548	\$ 18,600,067
Interest-bearing	95,569,117	73,156,777
Total deposits	116,830,665	91,756,844
Federal Home Loan Bank borrowing		2,000,000
Other borrowings	1,315,000	
Accrued interest payable and other liabilities	622,077	567,311
TOTAL LIABILITIES	118,767,742	94,324,155
Commitments and contingencies (see accompanying notes)		
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Preferred stock, no par value; 10,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued and outstanding		
Common stock, no par value; 30,000,000 shares authorized; 1,680,486 and 1,653,731 shares issued and outstanding in 2007 and 2006	11,211,107	10,983,285
Additional paid-in capital	393,890	298,331
Accumulated deficit	(1,695,695)	(2,276,063)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	41,130	(88,429)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	9,950,432	8,917,124
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 128,718,174	\$ 103,241,279

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

REDWOOD CAPITAL BANCORP
AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2007 and 2006

	2007	2006
INTEREST INCOME		
Interest and fees on loans	\$ 7,474,428	\$ 5,465,906
Interest on taxable investment securities	354,155	511,379
Dividend income	19,642	17,219
Interest on federal funds sold	363,454	237,507
Interest on deposits in banks	29,195	12,812
Total interest income	8,240,874	6,244,823
INTEREST EXPENSE		
Interest on deposits	3,215,361	1,956,723
Interest on other borrowings	51,625	1,168
Total interest expense	3,266,986	1,957,891
NET INTEREST INCOME	4,973,888	4,286,932
Provision for loan losses	437,000	228,000
NET INTEREST INCOME AFTER PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES	4,536,888	4,058,932
OTHER INCOME		
Service charges and fees	267,672	177,126
Other income	710,154	793,143
Total other income	977,826	970,269
OTHER EXPENSES		
Salaries and employee benefits	2,606,018	2,289,623
Occupancy and equipment	513,029	466,811
Other	1,813,699	1,522,077
Total other expenses	4,932,746	4,278,511
Income before provision for income taxes	581,968	750,690
Provision for income taxes	1,600	800
NET INCOME	\$ 580,368	\$ 749,890
NET INCOME PER SHARE	\$ 0.35	\$ 0.45
NET INCOME PER SHARE – ASSUMING DILUTION	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.41

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

REDWOOD CAPITAL BANCORP
AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

For the Years Ended December 31, 2007 and 2006

	Comprehensive Income	Common Stock		Additional Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income	Total Shareholders' Equity
		Shares	Amount				
Balance at January 1, 2006		1,652,967	\$ 10,976,453	\$ 187,121	\$ (3,025,293)	\$ (185,408)	\$ 7,952,873
Stock options exercised		764	6,832	(1,742)			5,090
Fractional shares					(660)		(660)
Stock option expense				112,952			112,952
Comprehensive income:							
Net income	\$ 749,890				749,890		749,890
Other comprehensive income:							
Unrealized holding gains on securities available-for-sale arising during the year	96,979					96,979	96,979
Total comprehensive income	<u>\$ 846,869</u>						
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2006		1,653,731	10,983,285	298,331	(2,276,063)	(88,429)	8,917,124
Stock options exercised		26,755	227,822	(42,888)			184,934
Stock option expense				138,447			138,447
Comprehensive income:							
Net income	\$ 580,368				580,368		580,368
Other comprehensive income:							
Unrealized holding gains on securities available-for-sale arising during the year	129,559					129,559	129,559
Total comprehensive income	<u>\$ 580,368</u>						
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2007		<u>1,680,486</u>	<u>\$ 11,211,107</u>	<u>\$ 393,890</u>	<u>\$ (1,695,695)</u>	<u>\$ 41,130</u>	<u>\$ 9,950,432</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

REDWOOD CAPITAL BANCORP
AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2007 and 2006

	2007	2006
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income	\$ 580,368	\$ 749,890
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Provision for loan losses	437,000	228,000
Deferred loan origination fees and costs, net	57,839	(18,030)
Loss on disposal of furniture	3,748	
Depreciation and amortization	241,135	229,672
Stock options granted	138,447	112,952
Net increase in cash surrender value of life insurance	(93,821)	(99,807)
Increase in accrued interest receivable and other assets	(413,002)	(267,215)
Increase in accrued interest payable and other liabilities	54,766	128,227
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	1,006,480	1,063,689
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of available-for-sale investment securities	(6,024,246)	
Proceeds from maturity of available-for-sale investment securities	6,000,000	3,500,000
Proceeds from paydowns on mortgage-backed securities	537,799	500,133
Purchase of Federal Home Loan Bank stock	(64,400)	(142,200)
Purchase of Pacific Coast Bankers Bank stock		(237,500)
Purchases of life insurance		(2,000,000)
Net increase in loans	(28,617,701)	(20,300,259)
Purchases of premises and equipment	(2,765,047)	(103,100)
NET CASH USED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(30,933,595)	(18,782,926)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Net increase in deposits	25,073,821	18,949,532
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	184,934	5,090
(Repayment) Proceeds from Federal Home Loan Bank borrowings	(2,000,000)	2,000,000
Proceeds from other borrowings	1,315,000	
Cash paid for fractional shares		(660)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	24,573,755	20,953,962
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(5,353,360)	3,234,725
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	13,147,195	9,912,470
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 7,793,835	\$ 13,147,195
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION		
Cash paid during the year for:		
Interest	\$ 3,208,165	\$ 1,880,269
Income taxes	\$ 1,600	\$ 800
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF NONCASH ACTIVITIES		
Net change in unrealized gains/losses on available-for-sale investment securities	\$ 129,559	\$ 96,979

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

REDWOOD CAPITAL BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2007 and 2006

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Business: During 2007, the shareholders of Redwood Capital Bank (the Bank) approved a Plan of Reorganization and Merger Agreement, which provided for the formation of Redwood Capital Bancorp (the Company) (a bank holding company) and the conversion of each share of outstanding Bank common stock into one share of no par value Company common stock. Effective April 17, 2007, the Company issued 1,658,665 shares of its common stock for all of the outstanding common stock of the Bank through a merger which has been accounted for similar to a pooling of interests in that the historical cost basis of the Bank has been carried forward. As a result of the merger, the Bank became the wholly owned subsidiary of the Company.

The Bank was incorporated on November 3, 2003, received its state banking charter early in 2004, and commenced operations on March 24, 2004. The Bank is subject to regulation, supervision, and regular examination by the California Department of Financial Institutions (CDFI) and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The regulations of these agencies govern most aspects of the Bank's business. The financial statements of the Bank are prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principle and general practice within the banking industry. The following is a summary of the significant accounting and reporting policies used in preparing these financial statements.

Principles of Consolidation: The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and the Bank. All material intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

Nature of Operations: The Bank provides commercial, industrial, agricultural and personal credit and other banking services through its main branch located in Eureka, California.

Use of Estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The determination of the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses is based on estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant changes in the economic environment and market conditions. In connection with the determination of the estimated losses on loans, management obtains independent appraisals for significant collateral. The Company's loans are generally secured by specific items of collateral including real property, consumer assets, and business assets. Although the Company has a diversified loan portfolio, a substantial portion of its debtors' ability to honor their contracts is dependent on local economic conditions. While management uses available information to recognize losses on loans, further reductions in the carrying amounts of loans may be necessary based on changes in local economic conditions. Because of these factors, it is reasonably possible that the estimated losses on loans may change materially in the near term. However, the amount of the change that is reasonably possible cannot be estimated.

Investment Securities: Securities are classified as held-to-maturity if the Company has both the intent and ability to hold those debt securities to maturity regardless of changes in market conditions, liquidity needs or changes in general economic conditions. These securities are carried at cost, adjusted for amortization of premium and accretion of discount, computed by the interest method over their contractual lives.

Securities are classified as available-for-sale if the Company intends to hold those debt securities for an indefinite period of time, but not necessarily to maturity. Any decision to sell a security classified as available-for-sale would be based on various factors, including significant movements in interest rates, changes in the maturity mix of the Company's assets and liabilities, liquidity needs, regulatory capital considerations and other similar factors. Securities held as available-for-sale are carried at fair value. Unrealized holding gains or losses are reported as increases or decreases in shareholders' equity, net of the related deferred tax effect. Realized gains or losses, determined on the basis of the cost of specific securities sold, are included in earnings.

REDWOOD CAPITAL BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2007 and 2006

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Loans: Loans are stated at the amount of unpaid principal reduced by net deferred loan fees. Loan origination fees, net of direct origination costs, are deferred and recognized as an adjustment of the yield on the related loan. Amortization of net deferred loan fees is discontinued when the loan is placed on nonaccrual status. Interest on loans is accrued and credited to income based on the principal amount outstanding.

Allowance for Loan Losses: The allowance is maintained at a level which, in the opinion of management, is adequate to absorb probable losses inherent in the loan portfolio. Credit losses related to off-balance-sheet instruments are included in the allowance for loan losses. Management determines the adequacy of the allowance based upon reviews of individual loans, recent loss experience, current economic conditions, the risk characteristics of the various categories of loans and other pertinent factors. The allowance is based on estimates, and ultimate losses may vary from the current estimates. These estimates are reviewed monthly and, as adjustments become necessary, they are reported in earnings in the periods in which they become known. Loans deemed uncollectible are charged to the allowance. Provisions for loan losses and recoveries on loans previously charged off are added to the allowance.

All loans, except those to individuals, are considered impaired, based on current information and events, if it is probable that the Company will be unable to collect the scheduled payments of principal or interest when due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. Allowances on impaired loans are established based on the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the loan's historical effective interest rate or, for collateral-dependent loans, on the fair value of the collateral. Cash receipts on impaired loans are used to reduce principal.

Income Recognition on Impaired and Nonaccrual Loans: Loans, including those considered impaired, are generally classified as nonaccrual if they are past due as to maturity or payment of principal or interest for a period of more than 90 days, unless such loans are well-secured and in the process of collection. If a loan or a portion of a loan is classified as doubtful or is partially charged off, the loan is classified as nonaccrual. Loans that are on a current payment status or past due less than 90 days may also be classified as nonaccrual if repayment in full of principal and/or interest is in doubt.

Loans may be returned to accrual status when all principal and interest amounts contractually due (including arrearages) are reasonably assured of repayment within an acceptable period of time, and there is a sustained period of repayment performance by the borrower, in accordance with the contractual terms of interest and principal.

While a loan is classified as nonaccrual and the future collectibility of the recorded balance is doubtful, collections of interest and principal are generally applied as a reduction to the principal outstanding. When the future collectibility of the recorded balance is expected, interest income may be recognized on a cash basis. In the case where a nonaccrual loan had been partially charged off, recognition of interest on a cash basis is limited to that which would have been recognized on the recorded balance at the contractual interest rate. Cash interest receipts in excess of that amount are recorded as recoveries to the allowance for loan losses until prior charge-offs have been fully recovered.

Premises and Equipment: Premises and equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and amortization. The provision for depreciation and amortization is computed principally by the straight-line method over estimated useful lives of the related assets.

Income Taxes: Provisions for income taxes are based on amounts reported in the statements of operations (after exclusion of non-taxable income such as interest on state and municipal securities) and include deferred taxes on temporary differences in the recognition of income and expense for tax and financial statement purposes. Deferred taxes are computed using the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and their respective tax basis. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates

REDWOOD CAPITAL BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2007 and 2006

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date. Deferred tax assets are recognized for deductible temporary differences and tax credit carryforwards, and then a valuation allowance is established to reduce that deferred tax asset if it is "more likely than not" that the related tax benefits may not be realized.

Net Income Per Share of Common Stock: Net income per share of common stock is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the year, after giving retroactive effect to stock dividends and splits. Net income per share – assuming dilution is computed similar to net income per share except that the denominator is increased to include the number of additional common shares that would have been outstanding if the dilutive potential common shares had been issued. Included in the denominator is the dilutive effect of stock options computed under the treasury method.

Advertising: Advertising costs are charged to operations in the year incurred.

Off-Balance-Sheet Financial Instruments: In the ordinary course of business the Company has entered into off-balance sheet financial instruments consisting of commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit. Such financial instruments are recorded in the financial statements when they become payable.

Stock Option Accounting: The Company has a stock-based employee and director compensation plan which is described more fully in Note L. The Company applies Statement of Financial Accounting Standard (SFAS) No. 123, *Share-Based Payment* accounting for its plans. Accordingly, compensation cost for stock options is measured based on the grant-date fair value and is recognized in the income statement.

Operating Segments: Reportable segments are based on products and services, geography, legal structure, management structure and any other manner in which management desegregates a company for making operating decisions and assessing performance. The Company has determined that its business is comprised of a single operating segment.

Cash and Cash Equivalents: For the purpose of presentation in the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents are defined as those amounts included in the balance sheet caption "Cash and due from banks" and "Federal funds sold."

NOTE B – RESTRICTIONS ON CASH AND DUE FROM BANKS

Cash and due from banks include amounts the Company is required to maintain to meet certain average reserve requirements of the Federal Reserve Bank or the correspondent bank. The total requirement of the correspondent bank at December 31, 2007 was \$100,000. The total requirement of the Federal Reserve Bank at December 31, 2006 was \$784,000.

NOTE C – INVESTMENT SECURITIES

The amortized cost and approximate fair value of investment securities are summarized as follows:

	<u>Amortized Cost</u>	<u>Unrealized Gains</u>	<u>Unrealized Losses</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
December 31, 2007				
Securities Available-for-Sale				
U.S. government agency securities	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 26,875		\$ 3,026,875
Mortgage-backed securities	<u>6,263,853</u>	<u>33,535</u>	<u>\$ (19,280)</u>	<u>6,278,108</u>
Total	<u>\$ 9,263,853</u>	<u>\$ 60,410</u>	<u>\$ (19,280)</u>	<u>\$ 9,304,983</u>

REDWOOD CAPITAL BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2007 and 2006

NOTE C – INVESTMENT SECURITIES (Continued)

	<u>Amortized Cost</u>	<u>Unrealized Gains</u>	<u>Unrealized Losses</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
December 31, 2006				
Securities Available-for-Sale				
U.S. government agency securities	\$ 6,997,422		\$ (40,147)	\$ 6,957,275
Mortgage-backed securities	<u>2,771,343</u>		<u>(48,282)</u>	<u>2,723,061</u>
Total	<u>\$ 9,768,765</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (88,429)</u>	<u>\$ 9,680,336</u>

The maturities of investment securities at December 31, 2007 were as follows:

	<u>Amortized Cost</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Due in one year or less	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 1,000,000
Due from one year to five years	1,643,816	1,624,536
Due from five years to ten years	<u>6,620,037</u>	<u>6,680,447</u>
	<u>\$ 9,263,853</u>	<u>\$ 9,304,983</u>

The amortized cost and fair value of mortgage-backed securities are presented by contractual maturity in the preceding table. Expected maturities will differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations without call or prepayment penalties.

There were no sales of investment securities during 2007 or 2006.

The following table shows the investments' gross unrealized losses and fair value, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position, at December 31, 2007.

<u>Description of Securities</u>	<u>2007</u>		<u>2006</u>	
	<u>More than 12 Months</u>		<u>More than 12 Months</u>	
	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Unrealized Loss</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Unrealized Loss</u>
U.S. government agency securities			\$ 6,957,275	\$ (40,147)
Mortgage-backed securities	<u>\$ 1,624,536</u>	<u>\$ (19,280)</u>	<u>2,723,061</u>	<u>(48,282)</u>
	<u>\$ 1,624,536</u>	<u>\$ (19,280)</u>	<u>\$ 9,680,336</u>	<u>\$ (88,429)</u>

There were two mortgage-backed securities that were in an unrealized loss position as of December 31, 2007. There were ten U.S. government agency securities and three mortgage-backed securities that were in an unrealized loss position as of December 31, 2006. The unrealized losses on these securities were caused by interest rate increases. The contractual terms of these investments do not permit the issuer to settle the securities at a price less than the par value of the investment. Because the Company has the ability and intent to hold these investments until a recovery of fair value, which may be maturity, the Company does not consider these investments to be other-than-temporarily impaired at December 31, 2007 and 2006.

REDWOOD CAPITAL BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2007 and 2006

NOTE D – LOANS, NET

Major classifications of loans at December 31 are summarized as follows:

	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Real estate - mortgage	\$ 10,449,564	\$ 6,848,141
Real estate - commercial	47,647,742	30,778,255
Construction loans	14,018,112	9,471,102
Commercial	17,220,932	13,027,411
Agricultural	17,333	1,866,376
Installment and other loans to individuals	<u>15,028,122</u>	<u>13,772,819</u>
	104,381,805	75,764,104
Net deferred loan fees and costs	(186,286)	(128,447)
Allowance for loan losses	<u>(1,355,000)</u>	<u>(918,000)</u>
	<u>\$ 102,840,519</u>	<u>\$ 74,717,657</u>

The allowance for loan losses was \$1,355,000 and \$918,000 as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The provision for loan losses was \$437,000 and \$228,000 as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively. There were no charge offs or recoveries for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006.

At December 31, 2007, the recorded investment in loans for which impairment has been recognized in accordance with Statement No. 114 totaled \$1,000,000, with a corresponding valuation allowance of \$250,000. For the year ended December 31, 2007, the average recorded investment in impaired loans was \$115,068. Interest was recognized on impaired loans of \$24,510 for the year ended December 31, 2007, all of which was recognized on the accrual basis. The Company has no commitments to loan additional funds to the borrowers of impaired or nonaccrual loans. There were no impaired loans at December 31, 2006. There were no nonaccrual loans at December 31, 2007 and 2006.

The Company receives fees for servicing retained on loans sold. Loans being serviced by the Company for others totaled approximately \$6,390,778 and \$5,763,278 for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

The maturity and repricing of the loan portfolio is as follows at December 31:

	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Fixed rate loan maturities		
Three months or less	\$ 1,974,806	\$ 520,499
Over three months to twelve months	3,095,045	2,692,547
Over one year to five years	10,597,737	7,126,041
Over five years to fifteen years	8,678,747	5,339,614
Over fifteen years	1,847,067	752,063
Floating rate loans repricing		
Quarterly or more frequently	36,586,359	35,051,076
Quarterly to annual frequency	6,781,397	4,471,103
One to five years frequency	28,832,389	15,430,714
Five to fifteen years frequency	<u>5,988,258</u>	<u>4,380,447</u>
	<u>\$ 104,381,805</u>	<u>\$ 75,764,104</u>

REDWOOD CAPITAL BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2007 and 2006

NOTE E – PREMISES AND EQUIPMENT

Premises and equipment consisted of the following at December 31:

	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Land	\$ 800,000	\$ 400,000
Building and improvements	3,795,283	1,669,273
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	1,033,837	800,856
	<u>5,629,120</u>	<u>2,870,129</u>
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(830,847)	(583,378)
	<u><u>\$ 4,798,273</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 2,286,751</u></u>

Depreciation and amortization included in occupancy expense totaled \$249,776 and \$236,689 in 2007 and 2006, respectively.

NOTE F – INTEREST-BEARING DEPOSITS

Interest-bearing deposits consisted of the following at December 31:

	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) and money markets	\$ 28,090,694	\$ 21,116,355
Savings	32,846,834	32,301,411
Time, \$100,000 and over	15,937,615	8,424,598
Other time	18,693,974	11,314,413
	<u><u>\$ 95,569,117</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 73,156,777</u></u>

Interest expense on these deposits for the years ended December 31 is as follows:

	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) and money markets	\$ 848,193	\$ 579,792
Savings	987,168	763,190
Time, \$100,000 and over	638,344	288,483
Other time	741,656	325,258
	<u><u>\$ 3,215,361</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,956,723</u></u>

The maturities of time deposits at December 31 are as follows:

	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Three months or less	\$ 19,158,182	\$ 11,390,448
Over three months through twelve months	13,046,828	6,913,665
Over one year through three years	2,272,982	1,431,195
Over three years	153,597	3,703
	<u><u>\$ 34,631,589</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 19,739,011</u></u>

REDWOOD CAPITAL BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2007 and 2006

NOTE G – LENDING AGREEMENTS

The Company has federal funds line of credit agreements with other banks. The maximum borrowings available under these lines amount to \$9,000,000 and \$7,500,000 at December 31, 2007 and 2006. There were no borrowings outstanding under these agreements at December 31, 2007 and 2006.

The Company has an agreement to borrow from the Federal Home Loan Bank to the extent of pledged assets, up to 15% of total assets. Assets pledged under the agreement at December 31, 2007 totaled \$128,707,549, resulting in a limit on borrowings of \$19,306,132. No amounts were outstanding under this agreement as of December 31, 2007. Assets pledged under the agreement at December 31, 2006 totaled \$103,241,279, resulting in a limit on borrowings of \$15,486,192. There was \$2,000,000 outstanding under this agreement as of December 31, 2006.

The Company has an agreement to borrow from another financial institution for \$3,000,000. Interest on the outstanding balance is calculated at a variable rate equal to the prime rate. The interest rate at December 31, 2007 was 7.25%. Eight quarterly interest payments are required beginning September 4, 2007 through June 4, 2009, after which principal and interest payments are due through June 4, 2017. The outstanding principal balance at December 31, 2007 was \$1,315,000.

NOTE H – OTHER EXPENSES

Other expenses consisted of the following for the years ended December 31:

	2007	2006
Professional fees	\$ 232,317	\$ 230,426
Data processing	378,363	298,016
Marketing and promotion	268,462	201,769
Director and shareholder	286,620	227,878
Operating expense	149,544	140,703
Insurance expense	164,143	105,788
Loan and collection expense	59,673	70,696
Stationary and forms	88,319	67,165
Miscellaneous employee expense	48,290	63,503
Telephone expense	42,406	26,550
Operational losses	2,102	14,674
Dues and memberships	30,117	31,836
Postage and delivery	41,453	32,083
Subscriptions	7,450	8,566
Security expense	5,235	2,083
Other non-interest expense	9,205	341
	<u>\$ 1,813,699</u>	<u>\$ 1,522,077</u>

NOTE I – RETIREMENT PLANS

The Company has a defined contribution retirement plan covering substantially all of the Company's employees. Employees may elect to have a portion of their compensation contributed to the plan in conformity with the requirements of Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Company will make contributions equal to 100% of the effective deferral made by the employees, up to a maximum of 4% of the employees' eligible earnings. Salaries and employee benefits expense includes the Company's contributions to the plan of \$81,500 and \$78,734 during 2007 and 2006, respectively.

REDWOOD CAPITAL BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2007 and 2006

NOTE I – RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

The Company purchased single premium life insurance policies in 2007 in connection with the implementation of retirement plans for two key officers. The policies provided protection against the adverse financial effects from the death of key officers and to provide income to offset expenses associated with the plan. The officers are insured under the policies, but the Company is the owner and beneficiary. At December 31, 2007 and 2006, the cash surrender value of these policies totaled \$2,193,628 and \$2,099,807, respectively.

In 2007 the Company established a retirement plan that is unfunded, which provides for the Company to pay the officers specified amounts for specified periods after retirement. If death occurs prior to or during retirement, the Company will pay the officer's beneficiary or estate the benefits set forth in the plan. Liabilities are recorded for the estimated present value of future salary continuation benefits. At December 31, 2007 and 2006, the liability recorded for the executive officer supplemental retirement plan totaled \$31,421 and \$6,192, respectively. The amount of expense related to this plan for 2007 and 2006 was \$25,229 and \$6,192, respectively.

NOTE J – INCOME TAXES

Income tax expense included in the statement of operations consisted of \$1,600 and \$800 of current state tax paid for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006. The following is a reconciliation of income taxes computed at the Federal statutory rate of 34% to the effective rate used for the provision for income taxes for the years ended December 31:

	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Income benefit at the Federal statutory rate	\$ 197,869	\$ 255,235
State franchise tax benefit, less Federal income tax effect	41,636	53,708
Incentive stock option expense	29,780	19,720
Valuation allowance change	(202,570)	(285,832)
Interest on enterprise zone loans exempt from State tax	(39,978)	(39,882)
Earnings on cash surrender value of life insurance	(37,246)	(10,720)
Nondeductible expenses and other	<u>12,109</u>	<u>8,571</u>
Net provision for income taxes	<u>\$ 1,600</u>	<u>\$ 800</u>

The expected tax expense shown above that would result from applying Federal and State statutory rates to the pretax loss differs from amounts reported in the financial statements primarily because the valuation allowance increased to offset the impact of operating loss carryforwards and other temporary differences until such time as realization becomes more likely than not. The tax effects of temporary differences that give rise to the components of the net deferred tax assets as of December 31 were as follows:

	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Deferred tax assets:		
Net operating loss carryforwards	\$ 428,067	\$ 763,804
Allowance for loan losses	254,365	81,345
Nonstatutory stock option expense	93,410	66,212
Start-up costs	61,243	110,238
Contribution carryforwards	42,938	23,528
Organizational costs	33,491	38,772
Enterprise zone credits	<u>20,979</u>	<u>13,504</u>
Total deferred tax assets	934,493	1,097,403
Valuation allowance for deferred tax assets	<u>(742,156)</u>	<u>(944,726)</u>
Deferred tax assets recognized	192,337	152,677

REDWOOD CAPITAL BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2007 and 2006

NOTE J – INCOME TAXES (Continued)

	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Depreciation	\$ (87,484)	\$ (56,471)
Adjustment to cash basis	(82,459)	(80,749)
Federal Home Loan Bank dividends	(15,185)	(7,160)
Discount accretion	(7,209)	(8,297)
Total deferred tax liabilities	<u>(192,337)</u>	<u>(152,677)</u>
Net deferred tax assets	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Amounts presented for the tax effects of temporary differences are based upon estimates and assumptions and could vary from amounts ultimately reflected on the Company's tax returns. Accordingly, the variances from amounts reported in prior years are primarily adjustments to conform to the tax returns as filed. The Company had no income taxes receivable or payable at December 31, 2007 and 2006.

The Company and its subsidiary file an income tax return in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and a franchise tax return in the State of California jurisdiction. The Company is no longer subject to U.S. federal income tax examinations and State franchise tax examinations by taxing authorities for years prior to 2004 and 2003, respectively.

The Company adopted provisions of FASB Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes*, on January 1, 2007. No adjustments were identified for unrecognized tax benefits which would require an adjustment to the January 1, 2007 beginning balance of retained earnings. There were also no adjustments identified for unrecognized tax benefits which would require an adjustment to the income statement for the year ended December 31, 2007.

The Company recognized interest accrued and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in tax expense. During the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, the Company recognized no interest and penalties.

As of December 31, 2007, the Company had federal and state net operating loss carryforwards available to reduce future taxable income as follows:

	Net Operating Loss Carryforward	Expiration Date
Federal	\$ 701,815	2024
	45,656	2025
	<u>\$ 747,471</u>	
State	\$ 1,790,183	2014
	520,003	2015
	120,860	2016
	<u>\$ 2,431,046</u>	

As of December 31, 2007, the Company also had federal and state contribution carryforwards of \$104,336, which expire in 2009 through 2012.

REDWOOD CAPITAL BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2007 and 2006

NOTE K – EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following is a computation of basic and diluted earnings per share for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006.

	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Basic:		
Net income	<u>\$ 580,368</u>	<u>\$ 749,890</u>
Weighted-average common shares outstanding	<u>1,672,724</u>	<u>1,653,138</u>
Earnings per share	<u>\$ 0.35</u>	<u>\$ 0.45</u>
Diluted:		
Net income	<u>\$ 580,368</u>	<u>\$ 749,890</u>
Weighted-average common shares outstanding	1,672,724	1,653,138
Net effect of dilutive stock options - based on the Treasury stock method using average market price	<u>191,493</u>	<u>186,645</u>
Weighted-average common shares outstanding and common stock equivalents	<u>1,864,217</u>	<u>1,839,783</u>
Earnings per share - assuming dilution	<u>\$ 0.31</u>	<u>\$ 0.41</u>

NOTE L – STOCK OPTION PLAN

The Company has a stock option plan established in 2004 under which incentive and nonstatutory stock options and restricted stock may be granted. The Company's Stock Option Plan provides for the granting of a maximum of 495,000 shares of the Company's common stock to directors, key employees and consultants at an exercise price not less than the fair market value of the shares on the date of grant and for a term of no more than 10 years. Options granted vest at a rate of 20% per year over five years from the date the option is granted. Generally, if an optionee's continuous status as a director, employee or consultant is terminated for various reasons, the non-vested options expire.

The fair value of options granted is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions used for grants in 2006: dividend yield of zero; risk-free interest rate of 4.73% and expected life of 10 years. The Company uses historical data to estimate option exercise and employee termination within the valuation model. The expected term of options granted is derived from the output of the option valuation model and represents the period of time that options granted are expected to be outstanding. The risk-free rate for periods within the contractual life of the option is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant.

REDWOOD CAPITAL BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2007 and 2006

NOTE L – STOCK OPTION PLAN (Continued)

A summary of stock option activity, adjusted to give effect to stock dividends and splits follows for years ended December 31:

	Incentive Stock Options			
	2007		2006	
	Weighted-Average Exercise Price	Shares	Weighted-Average Exercise Price	Shares
Shares under option at beginning of year	\$ 6.67	153,000	\$ 6.67	154,500
Options exercised	6.67	(11,006)	6.67	(764)
Options reclassified to nonstatutory	6.67	(24,750)		
Options forfeited			6.67	(736)
Shares under option at end of year	6.67	<u>117,244</u>	6.67	<u>153,000</u>
Options exercisable at end of year		<u>82,016</u>		<u>88,180</u>

	Nonstatutory Stock Options			
	2007		2006	
	Weighted-Average Exercise Price	Shares	Weighted-Average Exercise Price	Shares
Shares under option at beginning of year	\$ 7.99	182,432	\$ 7.33	165,932
Options granted			14.67	16,500
Options exercised	7.08	(15,749)		
Options forfeited	5.18	(5,694)		
Options reclassified from incentive	6.67	<u>24,750</u>		
Shares under option at end of year	7.85	<u>185,739</u>	7.99	<u>182,432</u>
Options exercisable at end of year		<u>133,533</u>		<u>93,969</u>
Weighted average fair value of options granted during the year			4.57	

Following is the intrinsic value and weighted average contractual term of stock options outstanding for the years ended December 31:

	Incentive Stock Options		Nonstatutory Stock Options	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Intrinsic value:				
Outstanding shares	\$ 859,789	\$ 1,887,000	\$ 1,142,081	\$ 2,007,995
Exercisable shares	601,451	1,124,553	885,014	1,112,676
Weighted average remaining contractual term:				
Outstanding shares	6.11 years	7.11 years	6.62 years	7.67 years
Exercisable shares	6.11 years	7.11 years	6.43 years	7.32 years

REDWOOD CAPITAL BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2007 and 2006

NOTE L – STOCK OPTION PLAN (Continued)

Upon the exercise of stock options, new shares are issued. The total amount of cash received from the exercise of stock options during 2007 and 2006 was \$184,934 and \$5,090, respectively. There were no tax benefits realized for the tax deductions from stock options exercised during 2007 and 2006.

A summary of the status of the Company's nonvested shares as of December 31, and changes during the years ended December 31, is presented below:

Nonvested Shares	2007		2006	
	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value	Shares	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value	Shares
<u>Incentive Stock Options</u>				
Nonvested at beginning of year	\$ 1.52	64,820	\$ 1.52	96,944
Vested	1.52	(24,268)	1.52	(31,500)
Forfeited				(624)
Reclassified to nonstatutory		<u>(5,324)</u>	1.52	
Nonvested at end of year	1.52	<u>35,228</u>	1.52	<u>64,820</u>
<u>Nonstatutory Stock Options</u>				
Nonvested at beginning of year	\$ 2.22	88,463	\$ 1.72	106,802
Granted			4.57	16,500
Vested	1.92	(35,887)	1.80	(34,839)
Forfeited	2.38	(5,694)		
Reclassified from incentive	1.52	<u>5,324</u>		
Nonvested at end of year	2.35	<u>52,206</u>	2.22	<u>88,463</u>

As of December 31, 2007, there was \$157,328 and \$285,431 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested stock options granted under the Plan. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 24 months. The total fair value of shares vested during the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, was \$136,241 and \$115,158, respectively.

A summary of restricted stock activity follows for the year ended December 31, 2007:

Restricted Stock	2007		
	Shares	Weighted-Average Exercise Price	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Granted	<u>8,250</u>	\$ 12.50	
Nonvested at end of year	<u>8,250</u>	\$ 12.50	\$ 12,375

As of December 31, 2007 there was \$82,917 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested restricted stock. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 48 months.

Total compensation cost for all share-based payments recognized in net income for 2007 and 2006 totaled \$136,241 and \$112,952, respectively. No tax benefit has recognized related to this compensation cost.

REDWOOD CAPITAL BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2007 and 2006

NOTE M – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the normal course of business, the Company has entered into transactions with its directors, executive officers, significant shareholders and their affiliates (related parties). The aggregate amount of loans to such related parties totaled \$971,946 and \$1,090,422 at December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively. At December 31, 2007 and 2006, commitments to related parties of \$1,842,084 and \$1,146,003, respectively, were undisbursed. The Company has received deposits from directors and officers and their related interests totaling \$6,116,840 and \$8,608,450 at December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

NOTE N – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

Financial Instruments with Off-Balance-Sheet Risk: The Company's financial statements do not reflect various commitments and contingent liabilities which arise in the normal course of business and which involve elements of credit risk, interest rate risk and liquidity risk. These commitments and contingent liabilities are commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit. A summary of the Company's commitments and contingent liabilities at December 31, 2007 and 2006 are as follows:

	<u>Contractual Amounts</u>	
	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Commitments to extend credit	\$ 30,957,892	\$ 29,086,294
Standby letters of credit	750,079	607,388

Commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit include exposure to some credit loss in the event of nonperformance of the customer. The Company's credit policies and procedures for credit commitments and financial guarantees are the same as those for extension of credit that are recorded on the balance sheet. Because most of these instruments have fixed maturity dates, and because many of them expire without being drawn upon, they do not generally present any significant liquidity risk to the Company.

Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a customer as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of a fee. The Company evaluates each customer's credit worthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral obtained, if deemed necessary by the Company upon extension of credit, is based on management's credit evaluation of the customer. Collateral held varies but may include accounts receivable, inventory, deeds of trust on residential real estate and income-producing commercial properties.

Standby letters of credit are conditional commitments issued by the Company to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. Those guarantees are primarily issued to support public and private borrowing arrangements. The credit risk involved in issuing letters of credit is essentially the same as that involved in extending facilities to customers.

The Company did not incur any losses on its commitments in 2007 and 2006.

Lease Commitments: The Company leases three sites under noncancelable operating leases expiring in July 2008, October 2009 and September 2011. The lease expiring September 2011 includes an option to renew for two additional five-year terms, with the monthly rental being adjusted to \$400 per month at the beginning of the first option period and to \$500 per month at the beginning of the second option period.

REDWOOD CAPITAL BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2007 and 2006

NOTE N – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

As of December 31, 2007, future minimum lease payments under noncancelable operating leases are as follows:

Year ended December 31:	<u>Lease Commitment</u>
2008	\$ 28,900
2009	21,900
2010	3,900
2011	<u>2,925</u>
Total minimum lease commitments	<u>\$ 57,625</u>

Rent expense for the year ended December 31, 2007 totaled \$28,800. Sublease rental income was \$1,800 in 2007.

NOTE O – CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

Most of the Company's business activity is with customers located within the State of California, primarily in and around the City of Eureka. Most of the Company's loans have been granted to customers in the Company's market area. General economic conditions or natural disasters affecting the primary market area could affect the ability of customers to repay loans and the value of real property used as collateral. The loans are expected to be repaid from cash flow or proceeds from the sale of selected assets of the borrowers. The Company requires that all loans have adequate collateral to secure the loan or that the borrower has evidence of sufficient cash flows to repay loans when the loans are made. All collateral must have an appraisal, if applicable, and collateral is generally secured by liens. The Company's access to this collateral is through judicial procedures.

The concentrations of credit by type of loan are set forth in Note D. Approximately 88% of the Company's loans are collateralized by real estate in the Company's service area. The National Banking Laws, Title 12 of the United States Code, generally restricts loans to a single borrower or group of related borrowers and investments by the Company to 15% of the sum of the Company's equity capital plus the allowance for loan losses, subject to certain adjustments. The Company evaluates each customer's credit worthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral obtained, if deemed necessary by the Company, upon extension of credit, is based on management's credit evaluation of the customer. Collateral held varies but may include residential and commercial real property, marketable securities, accounts receivable, inventory, equipment and savings accounts.

The concentrations by type of investment security are set forth in Note C. The Company places its investments primarily in financial instruments backed by the U.S. Government and its agencies. In addition, at December 31, 2007 and 2006, the Company had deposits in federally insured banks in excess of federally insured limits by \$10,391 and \$24,360, respectively.

NOTE P – REGULATORY MATTERS

The Bank is subject to the dividend restrictions set forth by the FDIC. Under such restrictions, the Bank may not, without the prior approval of the FDIC, declare dividends in excess of the sum of the current year's net income plus the retained earnings from the prior two years. As of December 31, 2007, the Bank could not make a cash dividend distribution without prior approval.

REDWOOD CAPITAL BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2007 and 2006

NOTE P – REGULATORY MATTERS (Continued)

The Company is subject to various regulatory capital requirements administered by its primary federal regulator, the FDIC. Failure to meet minimum capital requirements can initiate certain mandatory – and possibly additional discretionary – actions by regulators that, if undertaken, could have a direct material effect on the Company’s financial statements. Under capital adequacy guidelines and the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action, the Company must meet specific capital guidelines that involve quantitative measures of the Company’s assets, liabilities, and certain off-balance-sheet items as calculated under regulatory accounting practices. The Company’s capital amounts and classification are also subject to qualitative judgments by the regulators about components, risk weightings, and other factors.

Quantitative measures established by regulation to ensure capital adequacy require the Company to maintain minimum amounts and ratios (set forth in the table below) of total and Tier I capital (as defined in the regulations) to risk-weighted assets (as defined), and of Tier I capital (as defined) to average assets (as defined). Management believes, as of December 31, 2007, that the Company meets all capital adequacy requirements to which it is subject.

As of December 31, 2007, the most recent notification from the FDIC categorized the Company as well capitalized under the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action. To be categorized as well capitalized the Company must maintain minimum total risk-based, Tier I risk-based and Tier I leverage ratios as set forth in the table. There are no conditions or events since that notification that management believes have changed the Company’s category. The Company’s actual capital amounts and ratios are also presented in the table.

	Actual		For Capital Adequacy Purposes		To Be Well Capitalized Under Prompt Corrective Action Provisions	
	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
	(in thousands)					
As of December 31, 2007						
Total Capital						
(to Risk Weighted Assets)	\$ 12,269	10.93%	≥ \$ 8,980	≥ 8.00%	≥ \$ 11,224	≥ 10.00%
Tier I Capital						
(to Risk Weighted Assets)	\$ 10,879	9.69%	≥ \$ 4,490	≥ 4.00%	≥ \$ 6,735	≥ 6.00%
Tier I Capital						
(to Average Assets)	\$ 10,879	8.36%	≥ \$ 5,208	≥ 4.00%	≥ \$ 6,509	≥ 5.00%
As of December 31, 2006						
Total Capital						
(to Risk Weighted Assets)	\$ 9,958	12.21%	≥ \$ 6,522	≥ 8.00%	≥ \$ 8,153	≥ 10.00%
Tier I Capital						
(to Risk Weighted Assets)	\$ 9,005	11.05%	≥ \$ 3,261	≥ 4.00%	≥ \$ 4,892	≥ 6.00%
Tier I Capital						
(to Average Assets)	\$ 9,005	9.34%	≥ \$ 3,858	≥ 4.00%	≥ \$ 4,822	≥ 5.00%

REDWOOD CAPITAL BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2007 and 2006

NOTE Q – FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

SFAS No. 107, *Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments*, requires disclosure of fair value information about financial instruments, whether or not recognized in the balance sheet. In cases where quoted market prices are not available, fair values are based on estimates using present value or other valuation techniques. Those techniques are significantly affected by the assumptions used, including the discount rate and estimates of future cash flows. In that regard, the derived fair value estimates cannot be substantiated by comparison to independent markets and, in many cases, could not be realized in immediate settlement of the instruments. SFAS No. 107 excludes certain financial instruments and all nonfinancial instruments from its disclosure requirements. Accordingly, the aggregate fair value amounts presented do not represent the underlying value of the Company as a whole. The estimated fair values of the Company's financial instruments are as follows at December 31, 2007:

	2007	
	Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value
Financial assets:		
Cash and due from banks	\$ 3,458,835	\$ 3,458,835
Federal funds sold	435,000	435,000
Interest-bearing deposits in other banks	3,900,000	3,900,000
Investment securities available-for-sale	9,304,983	9,304,983
Loans, net	102,840,519	102,263,544
Cash surrender value of life insurance	2,193,628	2,193,628
Accrued interest receivable	594,219	594,219
Financial liabilities:		
Deposits	116,830,665	116,834,391
Borrowings	1,315,000	1,315,000
Accrued interest payable	201,455	201,455

The carrying amounts in the preceding table are included in the balance sheet under the applicable captions. The following methods and assumptions were used by the Company in estimating its fair value disclosures for financial instruments:

Cash and due from banks, federal funds sold and interest-bearing deposits in other banks: The carrying amount is a reasonable estimate of fair value.

Investment securities: Fair values for investment securities are based on quoted market prices, where available. If quoted market prices are not available, fair values are based on quoted market prices of comparable instruments. The carrying amount of accrued interest receivable approximates its fair value.

Loans, net: For variable-rate loans that reprice frequently and fixed rate loans that mature in the near future, with no significant change in credit risk, fair values are based on carrying amounts. The fair values for other fixed rate loans are estimated using discounted cash flow analysis, based on interest rates currently being offered for loans with similar terms to borrowers of similar credit quality. Loan fair value estimates include judgments regarding future expected loss experience and risk characteristics and are adjusted for the allowance for loan losses. The carrying amount of accrued interest receivable approximates its fair value.

Cash surrender value of life insurance: The carrying amount approximates fair value.

REDWOOD CAPITAL BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2007 and 2006

NOTE Q – FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Deposits: The fair values disclosed for demand deposits (for example, interest-bearing checking, money market and savings accounts) are, by definition, equal to the amount payable on demand at the reporting date (that is, their carrying amounts). The fair values for certificates of deposit are estimated using a discounted cash flow calculation that applies interest rates currently being offered on the certificates to a schedule of aggregated contractual maturities on such time deposits. The carrying amount of accrued interest payable approximates fair value.

Borrowings: The carrying amount approximates fair value.

Off-balance sheet instruments: Off-balance sheet commitments consist of commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit. The contract or notional amounts of the Company's financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk are disclosed in Note N. Estimating the fair value of these financial instruments is not considered practicable due to the immateriality of the amounts of fees collected, which are used as a basis for calculating the fair value, on such instruments.

NOTE R – CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF THE PARENT COMPANY

Condensed balance sheet as of December 31, 2007 and the related condensed statement of operations and cash flows for the eight months then ended for Redwood Capital Bancorp (parent company only) are presented as follows (there was no parent company activity during 2006):

Condensed Balance Sheet
December 31, 2007

Assets	
Cash	\$ 402,239
Other assets	10,625
Investment in subsidiary	<u>10,919,950</u>
	<u>\$ 11,332,814</u>
Liabilities and shareholders' equity	
Accrued interest payable and other liabilities	\$ 67,382
Other borrowings	1,315,000
Common stock	11,211,107
Additional paid-in capital	393,890
Retained earnings (deficit)	<u>(1,654,565)</u>
	<u>\$ 11,332,814</u>

REDWOOD CAPITAL BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2007 and 2006

NOTE R – CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF THE PARENT COMPANY (Continued)

Condensed Statement of Operations
For the eight months ended December 31, 2007

Dividends from subsidiary	\$ 30,000
Interest expense	(48,114)
Other expenses	(249,315)
Loss before equity in undistributed income of subsidiary and income taxes	<u>(267,429)</u>
Equity in undistributed net income of subsidiary	669,302
Income tax expense	<u>(800)</u>
	<u><u>\$ 401,073</u></u>

Condensed Statement of Cash Flows
For the eight months ended December 31, 2007

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Net income	\$ 401,073
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used by operating activities:	
Equity in undistributed income of subsidiary	(669,302)
Dividends from subsidiary	(30,000)
Stock options granted	98,711
Change in interest payable and other liabilities	67,382
Change in other assets	<u>(10,625)</u>
Net cash used by operating activities	(142,761)
Cash flows from investing activities	
Capital infusion	(800,000)
Dividends from subsidiary	30,000
Net cash provided by investing activities	<u>(770,000)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities:	
Proceeds from other borrowings	<u>1,315,000</u>
Net cash provided by financing activities	<u>1,315,000</u>
Net increase in cash	402,239
Cash at beginning of year	<u> </u>
CASH AT END OF YEAR	<u><u>\$ 402,239</u></u>

NOTE S – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

As a result of information on collateral values received in March 2008, management has reevaluated the allowance for loan losses and believes that it should be increased. Accordingly, an additional provision for loan losses of \$418,737, stemming from collateral impairment of several loans totaling \$1,561,006 or 1.5% of total loans outstanding as of December 31, 2007, will be recorded in the first quarter of 2008.